

Grammar Index

Abilitative affixes:

- ma- -an**, Lesson 9
- na-, nakapag-**, Lessons 2, 3, 7, 9
- naka-**, Lesson 18
- nakapang-**, Lesson 9
- napaka-, pinaka-, magkasing-**, Lesson 3

Adverbs of Frequency

- palagi** (always), **madalas** (often), **minsan**, **paminsan-minsan** (sometimes), **bihira** (rarely), and **hindi kailanman** (never), Lesson 5

Affixes

- an**, Lessons 3, 9
- in-**, Lessons 3, 9
- in- -an**, Lesson 3
- in- vs. na-** reflecting intent, Lesson 13
- ka- +** duplication of root word, Lesson 9
- ka-/magka-/magkaka-, pinaka-**, Lesson 9
- ma-**, Lessons 6, 9
- ma- -in**, Lesson 9
- mag-**, Lesson 3
- mala-, mapag, mapang-**, **maka-, pala-**, Lesson 9
- naka-** participle and/or affix to form adjectives, verbs and nouns, Lesson 13

- napa-**, Lesson 9
- pa-** (indication of something someone is going to do), Lesson 14
- um-**, Lessons 2, 3, 9, 16

Affixes used for adjectives and verbs: **mag- -an**, **na- +, na- -an**, **naka-**, **nakapag-**, and **napa-**, Lesson 9

Affixes used in causative sentences:

- i- -pa-**, Lessons 4, 18
- in**, Lesson 4

ipinag-, pina- -an, Lesson 6

i + pa + pang, Lessons 4, 18

ipina-/pina-, nagpa-,

Lessons 16, 17, 18

mag-pa, Lessons 4, 18

na- -an, Lesson 19

na + i, Lesson 17

pa- -an, Lesson 16

nagpa-, pina- and pina- -an, Lesson 8

pa-, Lesson 16

pa- -in, Lessons 4, 16, 18

pa- -in- -an, Lesson 4

Affixes which mean “used for”: **pang-, pam-, pan-, pang-an**, Lessons 3, 9

ang, Lessons 5, 13

ayaw and **yata**, Lesson 14

Clauses presenting reason:

dahil/dahil sa, dahilan sa, gawa ng, sapagkat/ pagkat, and porke, Lesson 20

Clauses expressing purpose:

upang, para, Lesson 20

Clauses expressing results:

yayaman din lamang, kaya, Lesson 20

Expressions of time:

umaga (morning), **hapon** (afternoon), **gabi** (evening), **linggo** (week), and **buwan** (month), Lesson 14

hindi (no)/**wala** (not have), Lesson 1

kasing/magkasing usage

Lesson 9

ko/ako pronouns, Lesson 5

mas, Lesson 3

may/mayroon/meron

(have), Lesson 1

na (perfect and present perfect continuous tense, use of **na**), Lessons 5, 7

na (contracted as **-ng** and **-g**) as a relative pronoun, Lesson 14

naging (became),

magkaroon (will get, develop, acquire),

nagkaroon (got; developed; acquired),

maging, Lessons 1, 8

nang, Lessons 1, 5, 11

ng, Lessons 1, 13

Noun affixes

-an/-han, mag-, mang-, sang-, sam-, or san-, pag-, pag- -an, pag- -in- -an, tag-, taga-, tala-, Lesson 12

Plural action words affixes:

magsi- (plural affix for **um-** verbs), **magsipag-** (plural affix for **mag-** verbs), **pag- -in** (plural form for **in-** verbs), and **pag- -an** (plural affix for **-an** verbs), Lesson 15

Plurality: **ano-ano, sinosino, saan-saan**, Lessons 6, 15

Reciprocal verbs affixes:

nag- -an, Lesson 12

Reported Speech, **daw** or **raw**, Lesson 13

sa, Lesson 13

Social affixes: **naki-**, and **pinaki-**, Lesson 14

Tag questions, **ba**, Lesson 13

Verb affixes to show social action: **nagsi-, nangagsi-, nagsipag- -an**, Lesson 6